

Life risks, pensions and asset-liability management



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USS is an open pension plan for the UK higher-education sector

A hybrid pension plan

- Defined Benefit (DB) plus
 Defined Contribution (DC) section
- Employers: c. 350
- Beneficiaries: c. 400,000

USS Limited is the trustee of the plan

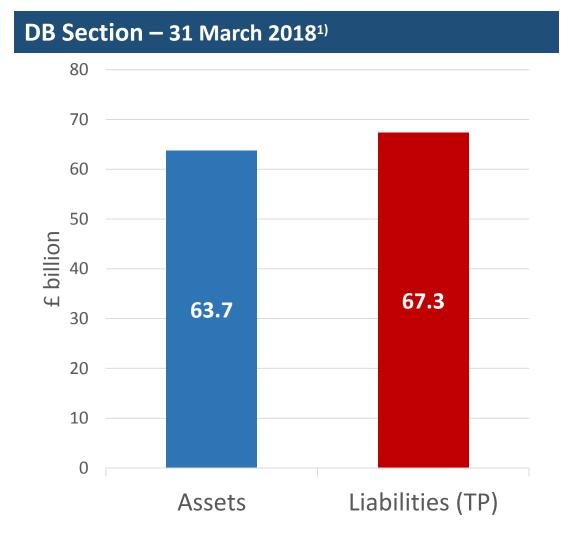
- c. 500 staff
- In-house investment team
- Administration, policy and support teams

DB Section – 31 Mar 2018

- Assets: £63.7bn
- Liabilities (Technical Provisions): £67.3bn¹⁾
- Deficit: £3.6bn¹⁾

DC Section

Assets: c. £0.7bn



- L) 2018 actuarial valuation
- 2) TP = Technical Provisions basis

Life-related risks: The ALM (asset-liability management) perspective

Liabilities

DB Pension Liability

- Annuity-like exposure
- Longevity

Life insurance

- Term life exposure
- Mortality

- Ill-health benefit
- Enhanced pension benefits
- Mortality/longevity/morbidity



Complex life-linked exposures
Specific, homogeneous demographics

Assets

Direct life exposure

 Direct linkage to mortality/longevity/morbidity

Indirect life exposure

 Indirect linkage to mortality/longevity/morbidity

No life exposure

 No linkage to mortality/longevity/morbidity



Complex life-linked exposures
Mixed demographics
(much smaller exposure)

DB pension liability

Accrual rate

- Pension amount paid in retirement:
 - Increases each year worked by 1/75 x Salary (up to a cap)
 - Compounded with inflation (CPI)

Pension paid in retirement

- Monthly pension payment in retirement:
 - Sum of amounts accrued each year (grossed up with inflation)
 - Minimum payment time 5 years
- **Lump sum payment** on retirement
 - o 3 x annual pension amount

Spouse pension

- Annual pension of 50% paid to spouse
 - Paid following death of the member

CPI linkage:

0% for CPI < 0% 100% for CPI 0%-5% 50% for CPI 5%-15% 0% for CPI > 15%

Ill-health pension liability

Ill health liability

- Pension paid immediately
 - o Pension **grossed up** on basis of expected service to normal retirement date
 - o All remaining years to retirement are credited to pension amount

Serious ill health liability

- If life expectancy < 1 year:
 - Pension grossed up as above,
 - ...but converted to a lump sum payment

Spouse pension

Annual pension of 50% paid to spouse

Life insurance liability

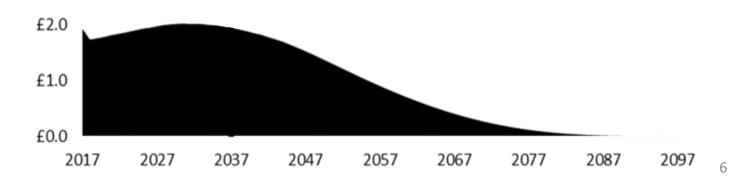
Lump sum payment

3 x salary paid on death of an "active" member (employee)

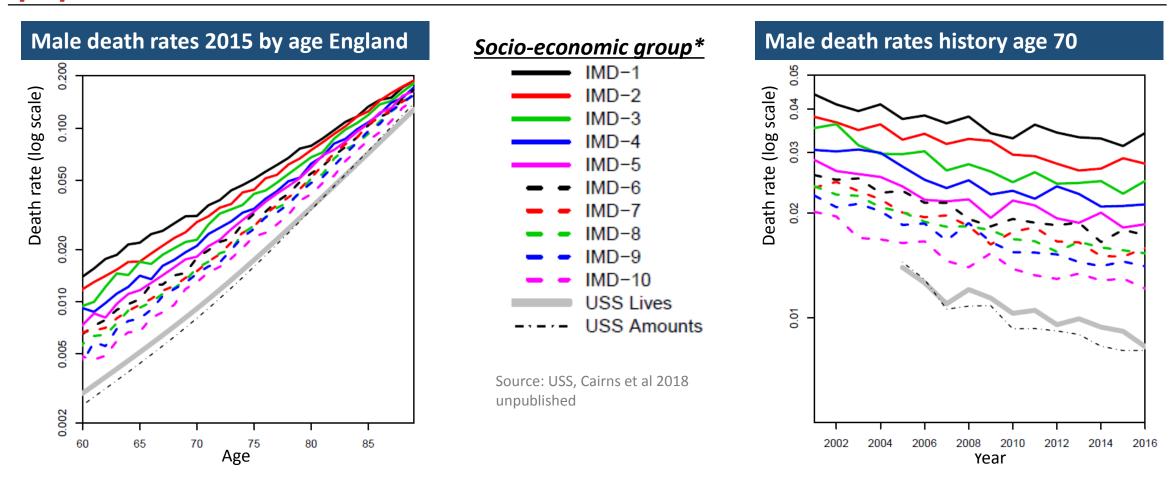
Spouse pension

- Annual pension of 50% paid to spouse
 - Salary cap does not apply

Expected liability cash flows (£ bn) From benefits accrued as of 31 Mar 2017



USS mortality is lower than the most long-lived decile of the national population



^{*} Socio-economic groups reflect deciles of the UK "index of multiple deprivations" (IMD)

The other side of the balance sheet: Life-linked assets provide alternative risk premia

Life insurance equity

- Exposure to mortality and longevity risk
- ...via life policies and annuities

Equity release mortgages

• Exposure to mortality risk

Life settlements

- Exposure to selected longevity risk
- ...via life policies

Crematoria / Cemetaries

Exposure to longevity risk

Healthcare/pharma sector

Exposure to mixed life-linked risks

Care homes

Exposure to mixed life-linked risks

Exposure Format:

Equity,
Debt,
Portfolio,
Royalty,
Etc.

ALM perspective

Demographics

- **Demographics** differ significantly across asset and liabilities
 - → Very different mortality / longevity profiles

Structure

• Structure of exposures differs across assets and liabilities

Risk

- Life-related risks:
 - Potential for risk offset is limited
 - Excessive risk concentration can be avoided
 - Potential for diversification of life-related risks is high
 - → Alternative risk premia have low correlations with other assets

Investments

Life-related assets must stand on their own in terms of their investment case